ORDER UNDER ACT V OF 1881.

PROBATE AND ADMINISTRATION.

AUTHORIZING CERTAIN TRIBUNALS TO RECEIVE APPLICATIONS FOR PROBATE AND LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.

Notn. No. 4021, Judicial, dated 31st July 1889, B. G. G., 1889, Pt. I, p. 643.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 2 of the Probate and Administration Act V of 1881, the Governor of Bombay in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, to authorize the High Court of Judicature at Bombay throughout the territories subject to the Governor in Council, and all District Judges as defined in the said Act within the said territories, and such Judicial officers as the said High Court may from time to time appoint as District Delegates to receive applications for Probate and Letters of Administration.

RULES AND ORDERS UNDER ACT XV OF 1881.

FACTORIES.

APPOINTING INSPECTORS OF FACTORIES.

Ahmedabad.

Notn. No. 1167, General, dated 22nd March 1889, B. G. G., 1889, Pt. I, p. 248.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad to be Inspector within the limits of that district, and the Assistant Collector in charge Viramgám Táluka to be Inspector within the limits of that táluka. The latter officer shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate.

Notn. No. 4461, General, dated 10th November 1890, B. G. G., 1890, Pt. I, p. 1131.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act No. XV of 1881, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate of Ahmedabad to be Inspector within the limits of the City of Ahmedabad. He shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate.

Notn. No. 1698, General, dated 25th May 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. I, p. 415.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate of Ahmedabad to be Inspector for the B. B. & C. I. Railway Oil Mill, and the District Deputy Collector in charge of Sánand and Dholka Tálukas to be Inspector for those tálukas. These Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

Notn. No. 3978, General, dated 21st July 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 1338.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate, Ahmedabad, to be Inspector of Factories for such portion of the Daskroi Táluka in the Ahmedabad District as lies within a radius of four miles from the Ahmedabad Railway Station. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

Notn. No. 1110, General, dated 22nd February 1898, B. G. G., 1898, Pt. I, p. 125.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Second Inspector of Factories, Bombay, to be Inspector for the City of Ahmedabad, for such portion of the Daskroi Táluka in the Ahmedabad District as lies within a radius of four miles from the Ahmedabad Railway Station and for the B. B. & C. I. Railway Oil Mill in that district. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Ahmedabad.

Notn. No. 5100, General, dated 18th September 1902, B. G. G., 1902, Pt. I, p. 1669.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Fatories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the officers specfied in the margin to be Inspectors of Factories within their respective tálukas and jurisdiction specified respectively against them. The Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrates concerned.

Ahmedabad.

(1) The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Viramgám Táluka. (2) The Mámlatdár of Viramgám.	For the Viramgám Táluka.

Kaira.

(1) The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Nadiád Táluka. (2) The Mámlatdár of Nadiád.	For the Nadiád Táluka.

Broach.

The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Broach Táluka—for the Broach Táluka.

Thána.

The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Bassein Pránt—for the limits of his Revenue jurisdiction.

Notn. No. 1072, General, dated 20th February 1906, B. G. G., 1906, Pt. I, p. 220.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Second Factory Inspector to be Inspector of Factories in the

districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Surat and to appoint the First Inspector of Factories to be Inspector of Factories in the town of Kurla. These Inspectors shall for the purposes of the Act be officially subordinate to the District Magistrates concerned.

Ahmednagar.

Notn. No. 2702, General, dated 21st July 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 748.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the District Deputy Collector in charge of the Shevgaon Táluka of the Ahmednagar District to be Inspector for the Factories situated within the limits of that táluka. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Ahmednagar.

Notn. No. 981, General, dated 23rd February 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 364.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act 1881, as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the District Deputy Collector in charge of the Nevása Táluka of the Ahmednagar District to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of that táluka. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Ahmednagar.

Notn. No. 6516, General, dated 19th November 1901, B. G. G., 1901, Pt I, p. 2378.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint each of the Assistant and Deputy Collectors, Ahmednagar, to be an Inspector within the limits of the táluka or tálukas of which he has revenue charge. The Assistant and Deputy Collectors so appointed shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Ahmednagar.

Belgaum.

Notn. No. 1553, General, dated 17th April 1895, B. G. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 474.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge of the Gokák Táluka in the Belgaum District to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of his táluka. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Belgaum.

Bijapur.

Notn. No. 4192, General, dated 16th November 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. I, p. 1105.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge of the Bágalkot Táluka of the Bijápur District to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of that táluka. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Bijápur.

Broach and Kaira.

Notn. No. 5100, General, dated 18th September 1902, B. G. G., 1902, Pt. I, p. 1669.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the officers specified in the margin to be Inspectors of Factories within their respective tálukas and jurisdiction specified respectively against them. The Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrates concerned.

Ahmedabad.

(1) The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Viramgám Táluka. (2) The Mámlatdár of Viramgám.	For the Viramgám Táluka.

Kaira.

(1) The Assitant or Deputy Collector in charge Nadiád Táluka. (2) The Mámlatdár of Nadiád.	For the Nadiád Táluka.

Broach.

The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Broach Táluka—for the Broach Táluka.

Thána.

The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Bassein Pránt—for the limits of his Revenue jurisdiction.

Notn. No. 1072, General, dated 20th February 1906, B. G. G., 1906, Pt. I, p. 220.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Second Factory Inspector to be Inspector of Factories in the Districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Surat and to appoint the First Inspector of Factories to be Inspector of Factories in the town of Kurla. These Inspectors shall for the purposes of the Act be officially subordinate to the District Magistrates concerned.

Dhárwár.

Notn. No. 771, General, dated 17th February 1896, B. G. G., 1896, Pt. I, p. 182.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the First Assistant Collector and the District Deputy Collector, Dhárwár, to be Inspectors of Factories within the limits of the tálukas in their respective charges. The Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Dhárwár.

Notn. No. 4450, General, dated 8th August 1898, B. G. G., 1898, Pt. I, p. 720.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Second Assistant Collector, Dhárwár, to be an Inspector of Factories within the limits of the tálukas in his charge. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Dhárwár.

Hyderabad.

Notn. No. 406, General, dated 9th February 1893, B. G. G., 1893, Pt. I, p. 132.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the officers in charge of Hála, the Tando and Hyderabad Sub-Divisions of the Hyderabad District, to be Inspectors of Factories within limits of their respective sub-divisions. The Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Hyderabad.

Notn. No. 6068, General, dated 9th November 1904, B. G. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 1525.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Deputy Collector attached to the Hála Sub-Division of the Hyderabad District to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of that Sub-Division. He shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Hyderabad.

Karáchi.

Notn. No. 319, General, dated 19th January 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 71.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate, Karáchi, to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of the City and Cantonment of Karáchi. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Karáchi.

Khándesh.

Notn. No. 2499, General, dated 24th August 1887, B. G. G., 1887, Pt. I, p. 740.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the District Magistrate of Khándesh to be Inspector within the limits of that District, and each of the Assistant and Deputy Collectors, Khándesh, to be an Inspector within the limits of the táluka or tálukas of which he has revenue charge. The Assistant and Deputy Collectors so appointed shall be officially subordinate, for the purposes of the Factories Act, to the District Magistrate.

Notn. No. 5396, General, dated 9th December 1896, B. G. G., 1896, Pt. I, p. 1261.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Mámlatdárs of the tálukas and Mahálkaris of the mahálś noted in the margin to be Inspectors of Factories within the limits of their respective jurisdictions. The Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Khándesh.

Tálukas.

Dhulia, Amalner, Erandol, Pachora, Chálisgaon, Nandurbár, Sháháda, Shirpur, Sindkheda, Chopda, Sávda, Bhusával, Jalgaon, Jámner.

Mahálś (Pethas).

Párola, Bhadgaon, Yával, Ráver.

Notn. No. 5567, General, dated 23rd October 1903, B. G. G., 1903, Pt. I, p. 1361.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate of Dhulia to be Inspector within the limits of the town of Dhulia. He shall for the purposes of the Act be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Khándesh.

Násik.

Notn. No. 4463, General, dated 28th November 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 1187.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the First Assistant Collector, Násik, to be the Inspector of Factories for the Ganesh Chotalal Cotton Ginning Factory at Nándgaon. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Násik.

Notn. No. 5574, General, dated 20th December 1895, B. G. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 1282.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant Collector in charge of the Málegaon Táluka to be Inspector of Factories for the Sadáshiv Mahipat Pophale Ginning Factory at Málegaon. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Násik.

Notn. No. 4012, General, dated 22nd July 1902, B. G. G., 1902, Pt. I, p. 1215.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Mámlatdárs of Málegaon and Nándgaon to be Inspectors of Factories within the limits of their respective tálukas. The Inspectors shall for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Násik.

Poona.

Notn. No. 2925, General, dated 6th August 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 790.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in supersession of Government Notification No. 1661, dated 5th May 1894, General Department, published at page 405, Part I, of the *Bombay Government Gazette* dated 10th idem, to appoint the First Assistant Collector, Poona, to be Inspector for the factories located in the western division of the Poona District and in the Cantonment and Suburban Municipal limits of Poona; and the City Magistrate, Poona, to be Inspector for those situated in the Poona City proper. These Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Poona.

Notn. No. 6752, General, dated 6th December 1902, B. G. G., 1902, Pt. I, p. 2041.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, to be Inspector of Government Factories specified in the margin and the Mámlatdárs of Haveli and Mával to be Inspectors of remaining factories in their respective tálukas. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Poona.

Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirkee.
Gun Carriage Factory, Poona.

Notn. No. 1744, General, dated 5th April 1904, B. G. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 416.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, and in modification of Government Notification No. 6752,* dated the 6th December 1902, His Excellency the Governor in Council pleased is to appoint the Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, to be Inspector of the Small Arms Ammunition Factory, Kirkee. The Inspector shall, for the purpose of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Poona.

* Published at page 2041 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 11th December 1902, Part I.

Sholápur.

Notn. No. 2417, General, dated 27th June 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 666.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant Collector in charge of the Bársi Táluka to be Inspector for the factories situated in the town of Bársi. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Sholápur.

Notn. No. 170, General, dated 12th January 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 41.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Personal Assistant to the Collector of Sholápur to be Inspector for the Morárji Goculdás Spinning and Weaving Mill at that place. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Sholápur.

Notn. No. 326, General, dated 20th January 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 71.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Mámlatdár of Bársi to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of his jurisdiction. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate of Sholápur.

Surat.

Notn. No. 4932, General, dated 15th December 1890, B. G. G., 1890, Pt. I, p. 1304.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act No. XV of 1881, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate of Surat to be Inspector within the limits of the city of Surat. He shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate.

Notn. No. 1072, General, dated 20th February 1906, B. G. G., 1906, Pt. I, p. 220.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Second Factory Inspector to be Inspector of Factories in the Districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Surat and to appoint the First Inspector of Factories to be Inspector of Factories in the town of Kurla. These inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrates concerned.

Thána and the town of Kurla.

Notn. No. 5100, General, dated 18th September 1902, B. G. G., 1902, Pt. I, p. 1669.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the officers specified in the margin to be Inspectors of Factories within their respective tálukas and jurisdiction specified respectively against them. The Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate concerned.

Ahmedabad.

(1) The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Viramgám Táluka.
(2) The Mámlatdár of Viramgám. — For the Viramgám Táluka.

Kaira.

(1) The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Nadiád Táluka.
(2) The Mámlatdár of Nadiád. — For the Nadiád Táluka.

Broach.

The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Broach Táluka—For the Broach Táluka.

Thána.

The Assistant or Deputy Collector in charge Bassein Pránt—For the limits of his Revenue Jurisdiction.

Notn. No. 1072, General, dated 20th February 1906, B. G. G., 1906, Pt. I, p. 220.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Second Factory Inspector to be Inspector of Factories in the Districts of Ahmedabad, Kaira, Broach and Surat and to appoint the First Inspector of Factories to be Inspector of Factories in the town of Kurla. These Inspectors shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrates concerned.

Thar and Párkar.

Notn. No. 2741, General, dated 3rd July 1895, B. G. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 747.

Under Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the officer in charge of the Nara Valley Division of the Thar and Párkar

District to be Inspector of Factories within the limits of that division. The Inspector shall, for the purposes of the Act, be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate.

Notn. No. 1535, General, dated 14th March 1908, B. G. G., 1908, Pt. I, p. 343.

In supersession of Government Notification No. 3090, dated the 15th July 1896, and in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act XV of 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the Assistant Surgeon, Mirpur Khás, to be Inspector of Factories within the local limits of the Thar and Párkar District.

APPOINTING CIVIL SURGEONS IN CHARGE OF DISTRICTS AND THE PRESIDENCY-SURGEONS IN BOMBAY TO BE INSPCTORS OF FACTORIES.

Notn. No. 1771A, General, dated 14th May 1894, B. G. G., 1894, Pt. I, p. 433.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint as Inspectors of Factories respectively within the local limits hereinunder specified the following officers, *viz.*:—

Ahmedabad.	Násik.	Belgaum.
Kaira.	Khándesh.	Karáchi.
Broach.	Poona.	[a] * *
Surat.	Ahmednagar.	Hyderabad.
Thána.	Bijápur.	
Sholápur.	Dhárwár.	

(*a*) each Civil Surgeon in each of the districts specified in the margin within the local limits of the district for which he is for the time being Civil Surgeon:

(*b*) Each Presidency Surgeon in the City of Bombay within the local limits of the district, ward or portion of the said city of which he is the Medical officer.

[b] (*c*) The Civil Surgeon of Sukkur within the local limits of that portion of the district of Shikárpur of which he is the Civil Surgeon.

APPOINTING THE ASSISTANT COLLECTOR, BOMBAY, TO BE AN INSPECTOR OF FACTORIES IN BOMBAY AND THE AUTHORITY TO WHOM ALL INSPECTORS IN BOMBAY, OTHER THAN MEDICAL OFFICERS, SHALL BE SUBJECT.

Notn. No. 3502, General, dated 20th June 1898, B. G. G., 1898, Pt. I, p. 550.

In supersession of Government Notification No. 1771*B** of 14th May 1894, General Department, and in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the

* Published at page 433 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 17th May 1894, Part I.

[a] Shikárpur omitted under Notn. No. 2910, General, dated 4th August 1894, *B. G. G.*, 1894, Pt. I, p. 790.

[b] This was added as clause (*c*) by Govt. Notn. No. 2910, General, dated 4th August 1894, *B. G. G.*, 1894, Pt. I, p. 790, as amended by Govt. Notn. No. 4823, General, dated 20th December 1894, *B. G. G.*, 1894, Pt. I, p. 1264.

[a]Assistant Collector, Bombay, for the time being an Inspector within the local limits of the Town and Island of Bombay, and to indicate the said officer as the authority to whom all Inspectors in the City of Bombay under the said Act, other than Medical officers, shall be officially subordinate.

APPOINTING CERTIFYING SURGEONS.

Notn. No. 1344, General, dated 26th April 1881, B. G. G., 1881, Pt. I, p. 222.

Under the provisions of Act XV of 1881 (The Indian Factories Act), His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct as follows :—

1. In the Town and Island of Bombay *the Collector of Bombay shall be Inspector under Section 3*[b] *and* the Presidency Surgeons are appointed Certifying Surgeons under Section 5 of the Act.

SUB-SECTION OF SECTION 5*B* NOT TO APPLY TO THE FACTORY OF THE BOMBAY GAS COMPANY AND CERTAIN OTHER FACTORIES.

Notn. No. 759, General, dated 7th March 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. I, p. 217.

In exercise of the power conferred by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 5*B* of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as modified by subsequent enactments, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare sub-section (1) of the said section not to apply to the factory of the Bombay Gas Company.

Notn. No. 6027, General, dated 2nd November 1897, B. G. G., 1897, Pt. I, p. 1839.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 5*B* of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the Government Central Distilleries at Surat in the Surat District and Dhulia in the Khándesh District are factories in which the work performed (viz., the process of converting mhowra flowers into liquor) necessitates continuous production for technical reasons for at least seven successive days, and that sub-section (1) of Section 5*B* of the said Indian Factories Act shall not apply to the two Government Central Distilleries aforesaid.

Notn. No. 2180, General, dated 23rd May 1899, B. G. G., 1899, Pt. I, p. 807.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 5*B* of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the factory of the Sirdar's Carbonic Acid Invention Syndicate Company, Limited, is a factory in which the work performed (viz., the manufacture of liquefied carbonic acid for use in

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[a] The words "Assistant Collector" were substituted for "Second Assistant Collector" by Govt. Notn. No. 7094, General, dated 3rd December 1906, *B. G. G.*, 1906, Pt. I, p. 1799.

[b] This appointment is superseded by Notification No. 1771*B*, dated 14th May 1894, which is also superseded by Govt. Notn. No. 3502, General, dated 20th June 1898, printed *supra*, under this Act.

'oda-water factories) necessitates continuous production for technical reasons, and that sub-section (1) of Section 5*B* of the said Act shall not apply to the factory aforesaid.

Notn. No. 6036, General, dated 23rd December 1899, B. G. G., 1899, Pt. I, p. 1957.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 5*B* of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the workshops of the Bombay Tramway Company and the factory of Messrs. Richardson and Cruddas are factories in which the work of manufacturing iron binders required by the officers of the Forest Department engaged in famine grass operations for bales of pressed grass intended for transport to famine-affected districts will necessitate continuous production, and that sub-section (1) of Section 5*B* of the said Act shall not apply to the factories aforesaid so far as the work abovementioned is concerned.

Notn. No. 132, General, dated 8th January 1900, B. G. G., 1900, Pt. I, p. 74.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 5*B* of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the presses specified in the margin are factories in which the work of pressing grass in bales for shipment to South Africa will necessitate continuous production, and that sub-section (1) of Section 5*B* of the said Act shall not apply to the factories aforesaid so far as the work abovementioned is concerned.

Colaba Cotton Press.
Bombay Cotton Press.
Sassoon Press.
Chanda Ramji Press.
Prince of Wales Press.
Gokaldas Kalianji Press.
Fort Press.

Notn. No. 5508A, General, dated 11th October 1904, B. G. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 141.

In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (*c*) of sub-section (2) of Section 5*B* of the Indian Factories Act, 1881 (XV of 1881), as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891 (XI of 1891), the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the Sugar Refinery and Rum Distillery, Mundhwa, is a factory in which the work performed (*viz.*, the refinement of sugar and distillation of rum) necessitates continuous production for technical reasons and that sub-section (1) of the said section shall not apply to the factory aforesaid.

THE BOMBAY FACTORIES RULES.

Notn. No. 2079, General, dated 22nd June 1892, B. G. G., 1892, Pt. I, p. 539.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 9, 13 and 18 of the Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following rules and orders in supersession of the rules contained in Notification No. 2972 of 10th September 1881 (published in the *Bombay Government Gazette* for 1881, Part I, pages 503-504), *viz.*:—

Short Title.

1. These rules and orders may be cited as "The Bombay Factories Rules, 1892."

Interpretation.

2. In these rules and orders:

(*a*) words and expressions which are defined in the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by Act XI of 1891, have the same meaning as in the said Act, as so amended;

(*b*) "the Act" means the Act aforesaid, amended as aforesaid;

[a](*c*) "Joint Inspector" means any Medical officer appointed by the Governor in Council to be an Inspector under the Act;

[a](*d*) "Chief Inspector" means—

(i) in the City of Bombay the Inspector from time to time indicated under Section 3 as the authority to whom Inspectors other than Joint Inspectors in the city of Bombay shall be immediately subordinate, and

(ii) elsewhere than in the city of Bombay, the District Magistrate.

Water-supply to be provided in factories.

3. Every occupier of a factory shall, on every day on which work is carried on in the factory he occupies, have available at the said factory, for the use of the persons employed therein, free of cost to them, a water-supply consisting of at least twice as many gallons of water as there are persons employed in the factory. Of the whole supply, at least as many gallons as there are persons employed in the factory shall be fit for potable purposes and the remainder shall be fit for purposes of washing.

Inspector may take samples of water for analysis.

4. In order to determine whether the water-supply provided in any factory under Rule 3 is fit for the purposes therein mentioned, the Inspector may take, free of cost, such samples of it as he may from time to time require for analysis.

Factories to be sufficiently ventilated.

5. Every factory shall be ventilated to the satisfaction of the Inspector. To prevent overcrowding, the minimum space to be provided for each person employed in any room of a factory shall be a floor area of 36 superficial feet and a breathing area of 500 cubic feet. No factory shall be considered ventilated unless ventilating openings are provided in the proportion of 10 square feet for each person employed in any room and the openings are such as to admit of a continued supply of fresh air: Provided that it shall be in the discretion of the Inspector to waive the rule as to the measurement of the ventilating openings, when he is satisfied that the ventilation is good and the enforcement of the exact measurement of ten feet for each person would be an unnecessary hardship. The reasons for waiving the rule shall, however, be recorded in writing.

Prevention of inhalation of dust generated in certain factories.

6. If in a factory where cotton-pressing or any other process is carried on, by which dust is generated and caused to be inhaled by the persons employed in such factory to an injurious extent, and it

[a] These additional clauses (*c*) and (*d*) were added by Govt. Notn. No. 1771, General, dated 14th May 1894, *B. G. G.*, 1894, Pt. I, p. 432.

appears to the Inspector that such inhalation might be wholly or to a great extent prevented, he may direct the occupier of such factory to adopt measures for preventing, as far as possible, such inhalation.

Lime-washing of walls, etc.

7. All the inside walls of the rooms of every factory, and all the ceilings or tops of such rooms (whether such walls, ceilings or tops be plastered or not), and all the passages and staircases of every factory if they have not been painted with oil or varnished once at least within seven years, shall be lime-washed by the occupier of the factory once at least within every fourteen months, to date from the period when last lime-washed and if they have been so painted or varnished, shall be washed by the said occupier with hot water and soap once at least within every fourteen months, to date from the period when last washed.

Governor in Council may allow exemptions from Rule 7.

8. Where it appears to the Governor in Council that the enforcement of the provisions of Rule 7 is not necessary for insuring the cleanliness of any class of factories or parts thereof, or that the said provisions are, by reason of special circumstances, inapplicable to any class of factories or to parts thereof, he may, by notification in the *Bombay Government Gazette*, exempt such class of factories or parts thereof from the said provisions.

Factories to be kept in a cleanly state.

9. Every factory shall be kept by the occupier thereof in as cleanly a state as is compatible with the nature of the work carried on therein and free from effluvia arising from any drain, privy or other nuisance.

[a]And no occupier of a factory shall cause or suffer any rubbish, filth or debris to be accumulated or to remain on any premises under his control, of such a nature or in such a position as that effluvia therefrom can arise within such factory.[a]

Urinal and latrine accommodation.

10. Every factory shall be provided by the occupier thereof with latrine and urinal accommodation for its operatives, and in such manner that the accommodation for females shall be apart and screened from the divisions for males. The divisions for females shall be marked in the vernacular in conspicuous letters "For Females only." Those for males shall be similarly marked "For Men only." Apart from the urinal accommodation latrines shall be provided with seats in the proportion of one to every fifty or fraction of fifty operatives employed.

Orders under Rule 6 or Section 12 (*c*) of the Act how to be given and enforced.

11. Every order passed by an Inspector under Rule 6 or under Section 12 (*c*) of the Act shall be recorded by him in writing and a copy thereof signed by the Inspector shall be delivered by him to the occupier of the factory to which the order relates or, in his absence from the factory, to his principal agent or manager in charge of the factory. The Inspector shall state clearly in the order what is required to be done and shall specify a reasonable time within which effect shall be given to his requisition, and shall further give notice that, if within the time so specified effect is not given to the said requisition, the person responsible for the neglect will be prosecuted under Section 15 of the Act.

[a—a] This addition was made to Rule No. 9 by Govt. Notn. No. 718, General, dated 20th February 1895, *B. G. G.*, 1895, Pt. I, p. 177.

Provisions as to inspection of factories.

12. Every factory shall be visited by an Inspector at least once in every three months in which work is carried on therein. For the purpose of verifying the register kept as prescribed by Rule 19, the Inspector shall examine the children employed in the factory during their working-hours only; but for the purpose of satisfying himself that the said children are allowed the lawfully prescribed intervals for food and rest, he may examine the children and the said register during any such interval.

By Joint Inspectors.

[a]12*A*. (1) Every factory shall be visited by a Joint Inspector at least once in every six months of each calendar year, and more frequently, should Government so direct, or if in the city of Bombay the [b]Collector of Bombay,[b] or elsewhere the Chief Inspector so request.

Duties of Joint Inspector.

(2) On very such visit the Joint Inspector shall—

(*a*) ascertain whether the law in regard to the employment of children is complied with;

(*b*) test the age-certificates of children employed,

(i) by inspection of the children to which they refer, and

(ii) by comparing the entries in the registers as to age and physical fitness, &c.;

(*c*) inspect the factory with special reference to the requirements of Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 and 10 of these rules;

(*d*) take note of the general sanitary condition of the factory under inspection;

(*e*) give special attention to—

(i) the supply of water available for the use of employés, which, if necessary, should be tested by analysis,

(ii) the ventilation,

(iii) the proportion of superficial area and cubic space to the number of operatives,

(iv) the questions whether dust is generated and is likely to be injurious to the health of the employés, and, if so, whether all reasonable measures have been adopted to mitigate the evil,

(v) the cleanliness of the factory and its compound,

(vi) the condition of all drains on and near the premises,

(vii) the sufficiency and suitability of latrines and urinals for male and female operatives. [a]

Joint Inspectors to report to the Collector of Bombay or Chief Inspector.

[a]12*B*. Every Joint Inspector shall, within seven days after every inspection, report the result thereof, with such recommendations as he may deem necessary in the city of Bombay to the [b]Collector of Bombay,[b] and elsewhere to the Chief Inspector, but, except in the exercise of the powers conferred by Section

[a–a] This rule was insertd by Govt. Notn. No. 1771, General, dated 14th May 1894, *B. G. G.*, 1894, Pt. I, p. 432.

[b–b] The words "Collector of Bombay" were substituted for the words "Collector of Land Revenue, Customs and Opium Bombay," by Govt. Notn. No. 7094, General, dated 3rd December 1906, *B. G. G.*, 1906, Pt. I, p., 1799.

4 (*c*) of the Act, shall issue no orders or instructions to the owner, occupier, agent or manager of any factory, and shall neither institute, nor sanction the institution of, any criminal proceedings under the Act.[a]

[a]12*C*. The District Magistrate shall be the authority to which all Inspectors in each district elsewhere than in the city of Bombay shall be subordinate.

Authority to which Inspectors are subordinate.

All Inspectors in the city of Bombay shall be subordinate to the [b] Collector of Bombay[b] subject to whose control they shall be immediately subordinate to such authority as the Governor in Council from time to time indicates in this behalf.[ ]

13. Every order passed by an Inspector under Section 4 (*c*) of the Act shall be in writing and a copy thereof signed by the Inspector shall be delivered by him to the occupier of the factory or, in his absence from the factory, to his principal agent or manager in charge of the factory.

Orders under Section 4 (*c*) of the Act how to be given.

14. Any occupier of a factory on whom or on whose agent or manager an Inspector serves an order under Rule 6 or under Section 12 (*c*) of the Act, may, within seven days after receipt of such order, appeal, if the factory is in the city of Bombay, to the Collector of Bombay and, if the factory is without the city of Bombay, to the Collector of the district in which it is situated or, if the Collector is himself the Inspector, to the Commissioner to whom such Collector is subordinate. No second appeal shall lie from an order passed on appeal, but the Governor in Council may review any order made by an Inspector under Rule 6 or Section 12 (*c*) of the Act or any order passed by any authority on appeal from any such order, and may pass any order thereon which he may think proper.

Appeals against orders under Rule 6 or Section 12 (*c*) of the Act.

15. Every appeal preferred under Rule 14 shall be made in writing in the form of a memorandum of appeal briefly setting forth the reasons on which such appeal is based and bearing a court-fee stamp in accordance with Article 11, Schedule 2, of the Court-fees Act.

Form of appeals.

16. Every such appeal shall be heard at as early a date as may be convenient, due notice of which shall be given to the appellant and to the Inspector whose order is appealed against. The appellate authority shall make, or cause to be made, in such manner as he may see fit, such inquiry, if any, as shall appear to him to be necessary to enable him to decide the appeal.

Hearing of appeals.

17. If an order of an Inspector under Rule 6 or Section 12 (*c*) of the Act is set aside or altered in appeal, or by the Governor in Council on review, the Inspector shall, as early as possible, deliver to the person concerned an intimation of the result of the appeal, or review and such

Effect how to be given to decisions on appeal.

[a—a] This rule was inserted by Govt. Notn. No. 1771, General, dated 14th May 1894, *B. G. G.*, 1894, Pt. I, p. 432.

[b—b] The words "Collector of Bombay" were substituted for the words "Collector of Land Revenue, Customs and Opium, Bombay," by Govt. Notn. No. 7094, General, da d 3rd December 1906, *B. G. G.*, 1906, Pt. I, p. 1799.

amended order, if any, as the decision of the appellate authority, or of the Governor in Council renders necessary.

Quarterly report to be furnished by Inspectors.

[a]18. The Presidency Inspector and each Factory-Excise Inspector shall submit every week to the Chief Inspector of the district in which the factories he has inspected are situated a report in the Form C, hereto appended, and incorporate in his monthly diary submitted to the Chief Inspector, Bombay, a copy of column 5 of his weekly report, so far only as it relates to prosecutions.

Other Inspectors, except Joint Inspectors, who submit reports under Rule 12 *B*, shall submit reports in the Form D, hereto appended, to the Chief Inspector of their districts.

The District Magistrate and Chief Inspector shall be responsible that the quarterly inspections prescribed by Rule 12 for every working factory in his district are duly made. For this purpose he shall keep a list of the factories in his district and enter opposite each the name of the officer he orders to make each quarter's inspection. In districts where there is a resident full-time Inspector the quarterly inspections may be divided between the resident Inspector and the other Inspectors. In other districts the arrangements for quarterly inspections should be made irrespective of the tours of the Factory-Excise or Presidency Inspector.

Registers to be kept under Section 9 of the Act.

[b]19. The occupier of every factory in which children are employed shall keep registers of the children employed in such factory in the forms marked A1 and A2 of the forms appended to these rules and in the manner and containing the particulars therein specified.

Notices of accidents.

20. Notices of accidents shall be sent, as required by Section 13 of the Act, to the following authorities, *viz.*:—

(*a*) if the accident occurs in the city of Bombay, to the Inspector appointed under the Act for that city;

(*b*) if the accident occurs in the Kirkee Gunpowder Factory, to the Officer Commanding the Kirkee station;

(*c*) if the accident occurs elsewhere, to the District Magistrate [c]and also to the City Magistrate of the city or Mámlatdár or Mukhtyárkar of the táluka in which the factory is situated.[c]

Such notice shall be in the Form B, hereto appended; and shall be sent:

(*d*) within one hour of the accident, if death has been caused or is known to be likely to be caused, or if a limb is broken; and

(*e*) in any other case, within twelve hours of the time when it is known that the injuries caused are such as to require the sending of a notice under Section 13 of the Act.

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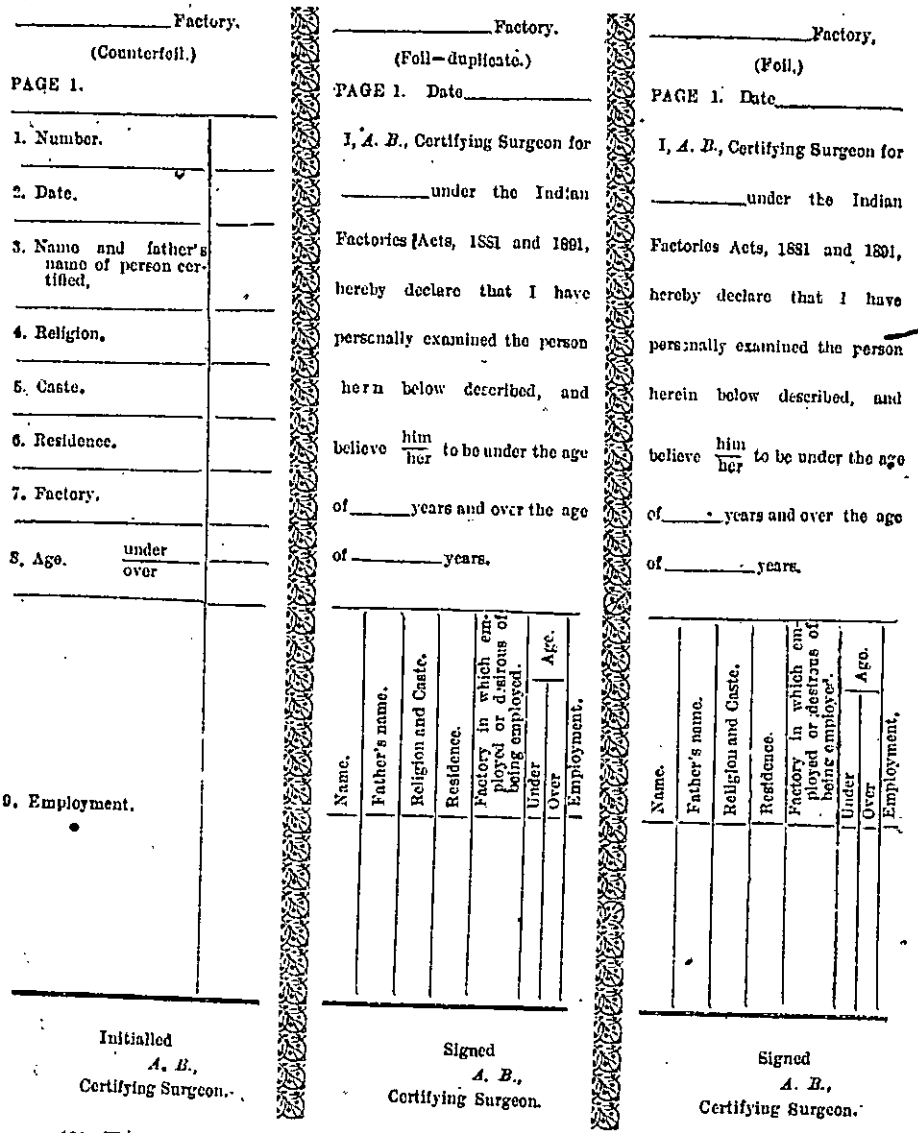
[a] This rule was substituted for No. 18 of the Bombay Factories Rules, 1892, published in Notn. No. 5177 of 1901, by Govt. Notn. No. 4638, General, dated 22nd August 1902, *B. G. G.*, 1902, Pt. I, p. 1433.

[b] This rule was substituted for Rule 19 by Govt. Notn. No. 2789, General, dated 3rd May 1907, *B. G. G.* 1907, Pt. I, p. 764.

[c—c] These words were added by Govt. Notn. No. 2336, General, dated 5th June 1899, *B. G. G.*, 1899, Pt. I, p. 903.

[a]21. (1) Every occupier of factories shall keep a register consisting of a bound book, each page of which shall be numbered in consecutive order, and shall contain a foil, a duplicate foil and a counterfoil in the following form, *viz.*:—



_____ Factory.

(Counterfoil.)

PAGE 1.

1. Number.
2. Date.
3. Name and father's name of person certified.
4. Religion.
5. Caste.
6. Residence.
7. Factory.
8. Age. under / over
9. Employment.

Initialled
A. B.,
Certifying Surgeon.

_____ Factory.

(Foil—duplicate.)

PAGE 1. Date_____

I, *A. B.*, Certifying Surgeon for _____ under the Indian Factories Acts, 1881 and 1891, hereby declare that I have personally examined the person herein below described, and believe him / her to be under the age of _____ years and over the age of _____ years.

Name.	Father's name.	Religion and Caste.	Residence.	Factory in which employed or desirous of being employed.	Age. Under	Age. Over	Employment.

Signed
A. B.,
Certifying Surgeon.

_____ Factory.

(Foil.)

PAGE 1. Date_____

I, *A. B.*, Certifying Surgeon for _____ under the Indian Factories Acts, 1881 and 1891, hereby declare that I have personally examined the person herein below described, and believe him / her to be under the age of _____ years and over the age of _____ years.

Name.	Father's name.	Religion and Caste.	Residence.	Factory in which employed or desirous of being employed.	Age. Under	Age. Over	Employment.

Signed
A. B.,
Certifying Surgeon.

(2) Every certificate granted under Section 5 of the Act to any person employed or desirous of being employed in a factory shall be prepared by filling up in the consecutive order of the pages the foil and duplicate foil of the register kept by the occupier of that factory under this rule. Such foil and duplicate foil, when filled up, shall be signed by the certifying surgeon when satisfied as to the correctness of the entries therein, and the foil shall be detached and given to the person entitled to the certificate.

[a] This rule was added by Govt. Notn. No. 5410, General, dated 11th December 1895, *B. G. G.*, 1895, Pt. I, p. 1215.

(3) The counterfoil shall also be filled up with entries corresponding with those on the foils belonging to it, and the certifying surgeon, when satisfied that the entries in counterfoil and foils do so correspond, shall initial the counterfoil, which shall be retained in the register.

[a](3a) The thumb impression of the left hand of the child to whom the certificate is granted shall be taken upon both foils and the counterfoil in the presence of the certifying Surgeon.

(4) The occupier of the factory shall, from time to time, as circumstances require, enter and sign, or cause to be entered and signed, in the last column of the counterfoil, a description of the employment of the person to whom the certificate refers, with the date on which such employment, in each case, commenced; and shall, on such person ceasing to be employed in the factory, forthwith write and sign, or cause to be written and signed, across the counterfoil referring to such person, the words 'no longer employed in factory.'

(5) The occupier of a factory employing therein any person on production of a certificate purporting to have been granted to such person in respect of his or her employment in any other factory, shall forthwith obtain from the occupier of such other factory, who shall send it at once on demand, the duplicate foil of the certificate so produced, and shall forthwith, after the certificate and duplicate foil have been compared and ascertained to correspond in every particular, enter or cause to be entered in the register of his own factory, and sign or cause to be signed, a copy of such duplicate foil on a duplicate foil of the next form of such register to be filled in, making or causing to be made corresponding entries (also to be signed) on the counterfoil of such form, and with the words 'copy for———factory' (also to be signed) written across both duplicate foil and counterfoil, and shall retain both in his register.

(6) Except as in this rule provided, no entries shall be made on the foils, duplicate foils or counterfoils in any register.

[b]22. Every ring-throstle-frame, flyer-throstle-frame and doubling frame, the tin rollers of which revolve in the usual direction, that is to say, in such a manner as to draw upwards between them any object coming into contact with them from beneath, shall be guarded in the following manner:

(i) A guard or guards shall be permanently fixed along the whole length of each side of every such frame, and not further under the frame than the centre of each leg of the spring pieces. Such guards shall not be removeable by hand, *i.e.*, without the use of tools.

(ii) These guards should be one or more stout horizontal iron bars or sheets or wooden planks, so placed that the clear vertical space between any two of them, or between the topmost and the spindle-rail or between the lowest and the floor shall in no case exceed 7 inches. If iron bars are used, a sufficient number of uprights should be provided so as to render the bars rigid enough to desist deflection.

(iii) Whenever under the tail-end of any such frame there is a clear space exceeding 8 inches from the floor, a like guard shall similarly be fixed across that end.

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[a] This rule was inserted by Govt. Notn. No. 5475, General, dated 6th September 1907, *B. G. G.*, 1907, Pt. I, p. 1521.

[b] This rule was added as Rule No. 22, by Govt. Notn. No. 3676, General, dated 22nd August 1899, *B. G. G.*, 1899, Pt. I, p. 1246.

(iv) Every such frame which may hereafter be erected or re-erected in any mill shall be guarded in the above manner before being brought into use.

FORM A.

Register under Section 9.

No.	Name of Child.	Father's Name.	Residence.	Date of Employment.			Nature of employment	Whether certificated under Section 5 or not.	Age as stated in Certificate under Section 6.	Date of discharge.
				Month.	Day.	Year.				

FORM B.

(Under Section 13.)

Form of notice of accident occurring in a Factory.

To

SIR,

I.....beg hereby to give notice, under Section 13 of the Indian Factories Act, that an accident occurred in the Factory of..... .....at.....o'clock this day causing.....to the persons mentioned below :—

Name.	Caste.	Sex.	Age.	Nature of injury.

2. The accident was caused by.....

3. The injured persons are under treatment by.....(or have been removed to the hospital at.....).

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

Manager.

Dated

FORM C.

(Under Section 18.)

Form of Report on Factory Inspection in the Mofussil by a Presidency Inspector or Factory-Excise Inspector under Rule 18.

Inspection of Factories in the 190 . District for the week ending

Date.	Factories visited for the purpose of the Factories Act.	Nature of manufacture.	Number of operatives employed on the day visited.				Orders given under Section 12 (c) and information with regard to prosecutions.
1	2	3	4				5
			Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.	

FORM D.

(Under Section 18.)

Form of Report on Factory Inspection in the Mofussil by an Inspector, other than a Presidency Inspector, Factory-Excise Inspector or Joint Inspector, under Rule 18.

Questions.	Answers.
1. Name, situation and nature of factory	1
2. Name of Agents	2
3. Number of hands employed (*a*) men, (*b*), women (*c*) children ...	3
4. Is the machinery properly fenced, especially ring-frames, Crichton openers, and mule head stocks when the space behind or between any of them is used as a passage common to all operatives?	4
5. Are the hoists, whether in motion or at rest, properly fenced?...	5
6. Is there a plentiful supply of good water accessible in all parts of the factory (*a*) for drinking, (*b*) for washing? If possible, state the number of gallons available.	6
7. What defects in ventilation, if any, have come to notice, especially in the carding, spinning, weaving and reeling rooms?	7

	Questions.	Answers.
8.	When was the factory last whitewashed or varnished? Is it clean and well kept?	8
9.	What latrine accommodation is available (*a*) for males, (*b*) for females? Are the latrines kept clean?	9
10.	Do the operatives get the midday rest prescribed by law? From and to what time do they get rest?	10
11.	Do they get the weekly holiday prescribed by law? ...	11
12.	Do women work before 5 A.M. or after 8 P.M. or for more than 11 hours a day? Do they get the proper interval for rest?	12
13.	Do children under 14 work before 5 A.M. or after 8 P.M. or for more than 7 hours a day?	13
14.	Do children clean machinery in motion?	14
15.	Are children under 14 employed as full-timers? Are any children under 9 employed at all? Are certificates of age forthcoming in doubtful case?	15
16.	Are there sufficient means of exit in case of fire? Are these means of exit blocked by bales, baskets, or otherwise? Is there any provision of water against fire?	16
17.	Is electric light used in the factory? If so, how long before sunrise and after sundown?	17
18.	General Remarks:— (Here note any orders given to the occupier of the factory and give information concerning prosecutions, if any instituted.)	18

DECLARING THE SAMATMAL GULUMAL'S COTTON GINNING FACTORY AT MIRPUR KHAS IN THE THAR AND PARKAR DISTRICT TO BE A FACTORY FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE ACT.

Notn. No. 2741A, General, dated 3rd July 1895, B. G. G., 1895, Pt. I, p. 747.

Whereas the premises known by the name of Samatmal Gulumal's Cotton Ginning Factory at Mirpur Khás in the Thar and Párkar District fulfil all the conditions of the definition of a factory in Section 2 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891, other than those contained in clause (*b*) of the said section, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 20 of the said Act, amended as aforesaid, to declare the said premises to be a factory for all the purposes of the said Act, and to fix the number of twenty-five as the number of persons whose simultaneous employment on any day in any manual labour in or incidental to any such process as is referred to in the said clause (*b*) shall be held to subject the said premises as a factory to all the provisions of the said Act, amended as aforesaid, and of the orders and rules made thereunder.

DECLARING THE POONA METAL FOUNDERY, BHAVANI PETH, THE METAL FACTORY, KASBA PETH, THE SUGAR REFINERY AND RUM DISTILLERY, MUNDHWA, IN THE POONA DISTRICT, TO BE FACTORIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE ACT.

Notn. No. 5503, General, dated 11th October 1904, B. G. G., 1904, Pt. I, p. 1419.

Whereas the premises known by the names of the Poona Metal Foundery, Bhawáni Peth, the Metal Factory, Kasba Peth, and the Sugar Refinery and Rum Distillery, Mundhwa, in the Poona District, fulfil all the conditions of the definition of a factory in Section 2 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881 (XV of 1881), as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891 (XI of 1891), other than those contained in clause (*b*) of the said section, the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 20 of the said Act, amended as aforesaid, to declare the said premises to be factories for all the purposes of the said Act, and to fix the number of twenty-five as the number of persons whose simultaneous employment on any day in any manual labour in, or incidental to, any such process as is referred to in the said clause (*b*) shall be held to subject the said premises, as factories, to all the provisions of the said Act, amended as aforesaid, and of the orders and rules made thereunder.

DECLARING THE PREMISES KNOWN BY THE NAME OF THE GUJARAT HOSIERY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, AHMEDABAD, TO BE A FACTORY FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE ACT.

Notn. No. 6783, General, dated 16th November 1908, B. G. G., 1908, Pt. I, p. 1987.

Whereas the premises known by the name of the Gujarát Hosiery Manufacturing Company, situated in the premises of the Astodya Manufacturing Company, Limited, Ahmedabad, fulfil all the conditions of the definition of a factory in Section 2 of the Indian Factories Act, 1881, as amended by the Indian Factories Act, 1891, other than those contained in clause (*b*) of the said section, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased, in exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 20 of the said Act, amended as aforesaid, to declare the said premises to be a factory for all the purposes of the said Act and to fix the number of twenty as the number of persons whose simultaneous employment on any day in any manual labour in or incidental to any such process as is referred to in the said clause (*b*) shall be held to subject the same premises as a factory to all the provisions of the said Act, amended as aforesaid, and of the orders and rules made thereunder.

ORDER UNDER ACT XVI OF 1881.

OBSTRUCTIONS IN FAIRWAYS.

RULE PROHIBITING THE PLACING OF FISHING STAKES IN THE FAIRWAY LEADING TO THE PORT OF BOMBAY.

Govt. of India, Finance and Commerce dept., Notn. No. 339, dated 23rd April 1885, republished in Govt. Notn. No. 40, dated 29th April 1885, B. G. G., 1885, Pt. I, p. 550.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 8 of Act XVI of 1881 (The Obstructions in Fairways Act, 1881), and in supersession of Notification